

Students, it is important to know that practice will lead you to get your goals. This is a Good opportunity to develop English skills, so it's time to start. Good luck!

★ OPPOSITES OF ADJECTIVES ★

FIND THE OPPOSITES OF THE FOLLOWING ADJECTIVES IN THE BOX THEN MATCH THEM TO THE PICTURES.

1. FIRST-----	A. Short
2. HEALTHY-----	B. Last
3. SLOW-----	C. Selfish
4. OPEN-----	D. Wrong
5. RIGHT-----	E. Extrovert
6. UGLY-----	F. Old
7. GENEROUS-----	G. Beautiful
8. WET-----	H. Fast
9. NEW-----	I. Weak
10. STRONG-----	J. small
11. BIG-----	K. Short
12. EMPTY-----	L. Sad, unhappy
13. INSIDE-----	M. Lazy
14. DEAD-----	N. Excited
15. COLD-----	O. Naughty
16. SHY-----	P. Rude
17. HAPPY-----	Q. Cheap
18. TALL-----	R. Old
19. BORED-----	S. Serious
20. POLITE-----	T. tidy
21. SLIM-----	U. Rich
22. YOUNG-----	V. Alive
23. FUNNY-----	W. Closed
24. NERVOUS-----	X. Fat
25. STUPID-----	Y. Full
26. DIRTY-----	Z. Clean
27. NICE-----	A'. Quiet, calm
28. EXPENSIVE-----	B'. Relaxed
29. POOR-----	C'. Outside
30. LONG-----	D'. Sick, ill
31. MESSY-----	E'. Dry
32. ANGRY-----	F'. Hot
33. HARDWORKING-----	G'. Clever

ADJECTIVES

FIND THE OPPOSITE ADJECTIVES AND MATCH THEM WITH THE PICTURES

B	C	O	L	D	D	O
O	T	H	G	I	L	D
R	U	O	S	R	O	A
I	G	D	O	T	N	B
N	L	A	Z	Y	G	O
G	Y	S	A	E	L	G
O	R	B	N	Y	G	D



1-SHORT



2-BUSY



3-DELICIOUS



4-SWEET



5-DIFFICULT



6-YOUNG



7-INTERESTING



8-HAPPY



9-HOT



10-GOOD



11-HEAVY



12-CLEAN

WRITE THE OPPOSITE

1-..... 3-..... 5-..... 7-..... 9-..... 11-.....
2-..... 4-..... 6-..... 8-..... 10-..... 12-.....

SUPERLATIVES: COMPLETE THE SENTENCES USING THE RIGHT FORM OF THE ADJECTIVES.

- 1-FEBRUARY ISMONTH (SHORT)
- 2-SUMMER ISSEASON (HOT)
- 3-HISTORY ISSUBJECT OF ALL (INTERESTING)
- 4-ASIA IS.....CONTINENT OF ALL (BIG)
- 5-MY GRANDFATHER IS.....PERSON IN MY FAMILY (OLD)
- 5-THE LAST EXAM WASEXAM OF ALL (EASY)
- 6-PAUL IS.....BASKETBALL PLAYER AT SCHOOL (GOOD)
- 7-SARA ISGIRL IN MY CLASSROOM (INTELLIGENT)
- 8-PIGS AREANIMALS IN THE WORLD (DIRTY)
- 9-THE PLANE ISMEANS OF TRANSPORT (FAST)

COMPARATIVES: COMPLETE THE SENTENCES USING THE RIGHT FORM OF THE ADJECTIVES

- 1-WINTER ISSUMMER (COLD)
- 2-AUGUST ISFEBRUARY (LONG)
- 3-READING A BOOK ISWATCHING T.V (INTERESTING)
- 4-MY MOTHER'S CAKES AREMINE (DELICIOUS)
- 5-MY JEANS AREMY T-SHIRT (DIRTY)
- 6-A TABLE ISA CHAIR (HEAVY)
- 7-MATHS ISHISTORY (DIFFICULT)
- 8-SAM GOT AN EIGHT IN GEOGRAPHY BUT TOM GOT A FIVE, SO SAM ISTOM (HAPPY)
- 9-I'MMY BROTHER (YOUNG)
- 10-BETTY GOT AN "A" IN SCIENCE BUT KELLY GOT A "B". BETTY ISKELLY (GOOD)

COMPARATIVES



When we compare two things or people we add **-ER THAN** to a short adjective.

Example: short + **er**

Luke is short.

Luke is **shorter than** Tim.

When we compare two things or people we add **MORE + ADJ + THAN** to a long adjective.

Example: intelligent

Susie is intelligent.

Susie is **more intelligent than**

Luke.

Look at the picture and write sentences using the adjectives from the box.

Example: Toby is **taller** than Luke.

tall - short - thin - fat - happy - intelligent - pretty - handsome

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____

Read and Write

A cat is faster than a mouse.

An elephant is(big) than a tiger.

A tiger is(tall) than a cat.

A cat is(thin) than a hippo.

A hippo is(fat) than a lizard.

A lizard is(long) than a dog.

A dog is (short) than an elephant.

A dolphin is more intelligent than a seal.

A seal is(careful) than a hippo.

A hippo is(peaceful) than a tiger.

A tiger is(intelligent) than a lizard.

A lizard is(beautiful) than a mouse.

A mouse is(horrible) than a lizard.



SUPERLATIVE



Who's the tallest?



Henry



David



Tom

USE: The superlative is used to compare one member of a group with the whole group (including the member).

FORM:

Short adjectives: the + adjective + -est

Long adjectives: the most + adjective

Irregular adjectives:

good - the best

bad - the worst

far - the farthest/ the furthest

Spelling rules (relevant for short adjectives):

Adjectives ending in -e:

add only -st

e.g. wide - the widest

Adjectives ending in consonant +

-y:

change the y into i and add -est

e.g. pretty - the prettiest

Adjectives ending in
consonant, vowel, consonant

(stress on the last syllable):

double the final consonant and
add -est

e.g. slim - the slimmest

It's your turn now. Answer about the picture above.

1. Who's the tallest?

2. Who's the thinnest?

3. Who's the shortest?

4. Who has got the spikiest hair?

5. Who has got the biggest nose?

6. Who has got the smallest nose?

7. Who has got the fewest hair?

Write the superlative form of the following short adjectives in the correct column.

nice

good

fat

light

thin

bad

long

happy far

young

crazy

dark

white

easy

big

tiny

large

wide slim

General rule

Adjectives ending in
-e

Adjectives ending in
consonant, vowel,
consonant

Adjectives ending in
consonant + -y:

Irregular
adjectives



Compound words



Name: _____

Number: _____

Class: _____



- A compound noun is a noun that is made up of **two or more** words.
- The two parts may be written in a number of ways :
 1. **as one word**: bedroom
 2. **as two words joined with a hyphen**: well-being
 3. **as two separate words**: full moon

Noun	+	Noun	headphones
Adjective	+	Noun	black board
Verb	+	Noun	washing machine
Preposition	+	Noun	upstairs
Noun	+	Verb	haircut
Noun	+	Preposition	hanger on
Adjective	+	Verb	public speaking
Preposition	+	Verb	overuse

B. Fill in the blanks with the given words.

blackboard housekeepers
toothpaste newspaper
second hand football carpet
weekend railway yourself
sunlight seaman earrings
wallpaper overweight

1. I will go to the shopping this _____.
2. You must do your homework _____.
I cannot help you.
3. Look at the _____. The train is coming.
4. I can't buy a new car this year. I prefer _____ cars.
5. My father reads his _____ every evening.
6. Use the _____ while brushing your teeth.
7. We will buy some new _____ for our living room.
8. My mother spends too much money on _____.
She loves jewellery.
9. My room has been filled with the _____. I love it.
10. Do you like playing _____?
11. The cat is sleeping on the _____.
12. My uncle is a _____ in the navy.
13. John is slightly _____. He needs to lose some weight immediately.
14. The hotel will employ new _____.
15. Look at the _____. Read the sentences.



A. Match the given words

- | | |
|------------|------------|
| 1. under | • board |
| 2. in | • mail |
| 3. sea | • guard |
| 4. finger | • board |
| 5. cup | • pet |
| 6. hand | • ring |
| 7. car | • print |
| 8. ear | • man |
| 9. water | • ball |
| 10. fire | • writing |
| 11. foot | • keeper |
| 12. black | • put |
| 13. second | • board |
| 14. body | • stick |
| 15. news | • paper |
| 16. tooth | • work |
| 17. over | • seas |
| 18. up | • weight |
| 19. key | • way |
| 20. house | • man |
| 21. rail | • hand |
| 22. week | • light |
| 23. net | • heart |
| 24. lip | • paste |
| 25. sun | • clothing |
| 26. your | • date |
| 27. sweet | • paper |
| 28. over | • fall |
| 29. black | • end |
| 30. wall | • self |

NEW FLASH!



